THE SUN.

VOL. LVI.---NO. 129.] BALTIMORE, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, 1865. [PRICE TWO CENTS.

Flags! Flags! Flags! Flags!
ALL SIZES. ALL SIZES.
At Low Prices. At Low Prices.
Wholesale and Retail.
MORTIMER & MOWBRAY,
240 Baltimore street,
Five doors west of Charles street.

THE SUN.

THE WAR NEWS.—Intelligence is reported to have reached Cairo, from New Orleans, that Mobile, Alabama, was captured on the 9th instant by the Union forces. Spanish Fort and Fort Blakely, it is stated, were carried by assault, and 5,700 prisoners and a large amount of ordnance stores were captured. But slight resistance was then made by the enemy to the occupation of the city. There is another account which adds that three hundred guns were captured in Mobile, and that the garrison fell back up the river in gunboats.

A telegram from Washington says that General Sherman has informed the government of the fact of his being in communication with General Johnston on the subject of surrendering. General Sherman is said to be willing to offer the same terms as were accorded to General Lee by General Grant, and it was supposed that they would be accepted.

According to reports received yesterday from various quarters, it would appear that some of the separate rebel cavalry commands have also made propositions to surrender.—Statements were contained in the Washington papers of last evening, to the effect that Moseby has made known to Major General Hancock, commanding the Middle Military Department, his desire to surrender upon the conditions granted to the Army of Northern Virginia, which he claims to belong.—The proposition is being considered, and, it is intimated, that the surrender will be received at Fairfax Court House this morning.

One of the New York papers professes to have received information from Winchester, Va., that a flag of truce from Col. Farrel, in command of the rebel troops formerly under Imboden, was sent into the lines of General Hancock's army, in the Shenandoah Valley, on last Saturday, the object of which was to arrange preliminaries for the surrender of his force, as constituting a portion of Lee's rebel Army of Northern Virginia. When General Lee surrendered, Gen. Rosser, it is stated, expressed his purpose to maintain his organization; but his troops are said to have since deserted him, and he has gone to North Carolina to join Johnston.

THE ASSASSIN STILL AT LARGE.—Up to the hour of putting this paper to press, no official announcement of the arrest of Booth, the alleged assassin of President Lincoln, had been received. In addition to the $10,000 reward offered by the government, and the $20,000 offered by the Washington corporation, the City Councils of Baltimore have also determined to offer a reward of $10,000 for the apprehension of the murderer or murderers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CAPTURE OF MOBILE.

Five Thousand Seven Hundred Prisoners Captured.

Spanish Fort Taken by Assault.

NEW ORLEANS, April 10th, via Cairo April 16th.—The New Orleans Times has official dispatches announcing the glorious success of the expedition against Mobile.

Spanish Fort and Blakely were captured, the former at 10.30 A. M., on the 9th, with 700 prisoners, and the latter [illegible] evening by a portion of General Smith's command, assisted by the light draught steamers, after a short resistance by the enemy.

FROM WEST VIRGINIA.

Imboden's Troops Propose to Surrender.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The Herald's Winchester dispatch says that a flag of truce had been received from Imboden's late command, consisting of two regiments, proposing to surrender on the same terms guaranteed to Lee's army. Rosser, on hearing of Lee's surrender, declared his determination to fight it out, but he was deserted by his men and started to join Johnston in North Carolina.

Probable Surrender of Gen. Johnson's Army to Gen. Sherman.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Information has been received by the Government from Gen. Sherman that he was in communication with Gen. Johnston with a view to the surrender of the latter.

General Sherman would offer the same terms that General Grant did to Gen. Lee, and it was supposed they would be accepted.

Meeting of Members of Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 17th.—At a meeting of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives, convened at the Capitol on [illegible]

THE GREAT NATIONAL CALAMITY.

Preparations for the Funeral of the Late President—The Body to be Laid Out in State To-Day—Report of the Capture of Booth Contradicted—Arrests in Washington City and Georgetown—Condition of Mr. Seward and Son—Description of the Assassin and Attempted Murderer—An Account of the Assassination by an Eye-Witness, &c.

The appalling calamity at the National Capital continues, of course, to absorb the attention of the public mind, to the almost entire exclusion of everything else. The press everywhere show forth the profound sorrow, and are filled with details of the terrible tragedy and remarks upon its character and consequences, together with accounts of the expressions of public opinion, as exhibited in spontaneous gatherings of the people in different cities, towns and villages.

Funeral of the Late President Lincoln

We are authorized to announce that the funeral of the late President Lincoln will take place on Wednesday, (to-morrow.) The civic and military procession will begin to form at 11 o'clock. Services at the Executive Mansion will commence at precisely 12 o'cl'k.

The funeral procession will move with the body from the Executive Mansion at 2 o'clock P. M., and proceed to the Capitol, where the remains will be deposited in the Rotundo, and will there lay in State until the arrival of the committee from Springfield, Illinois, now en route to Washington to receive them.

If the above named committee does not reach the city in season to proceed with the remains on Thursday morning, an opportunity will be afforded the public to view them.

The marshal of the District of Columbia has been charged with a portion of the detail of the arrangements for the funeral of the President.

The representatives of all cities, all organized bodies and voluntary associations, desiring to take part in the procession, will report to him at his office in the court-house before 10 o'clock on Tuesday, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable.—*Wash. Repub.*

The Laying in State.

The preparations for laying out in state the corpse of the late President have been completed, and to-day (Tuesday) an opportunity will be afforded the public to view the features of the deceased for the last time. We have been requested to state that no one will be allowed to loiter about the White House through curiosity, but all will be required to pass out the building after having viewed the corpse. This measure is requisite that a jam may be avoided and order preserved.—*Wash. Star.*

The Coffin.

The coffin in which the late President is to be buried is a magnificent affair, indeed, costing above $1,500. It is of mahogany, lined with lead, and covered with the finest black cloth.

The outside of the coffin is festooned with massive silver tacks, representing drapery; in each fold of which is a silver star. There are eight massive handles to the coffin, four being placed on each side. The outer edges of the coffin is tastefully scalloped with silver braid, to which are attached five tassels of five inches each in length. A row of silver tacks encircles the entire top of the coffin, being placed two inches from the outer edge, while a silver plate, encircled by a shield formed of tacks of the same material, occupies a central position on the top lid, with stars at the head and foot of the coffin, on the outside. The inside of the face lid is raised with white satin, the centre piece being trimmed with black and white silk braid, fastened down with sixteen silver stars, four to each corner. The face lid and the top of the coffin is fastened together with five silver stars.

The inside of the coffin is superbly lined with box pleated satin, the bottom and pillow being of the finest white silk, while rich three inch cheniel satin fringe encircles the entire inside.

[illegible] wing of the White House. The countenance bears that placid appearance indicative of quiet sleep. The hands of affection have placed beauteous white flowers around his pillow, whose fragrance and purity are eminently typical of the kindness of heart and uprightness of character of him whose memory will long be cherished by a sorrowing nation.

The body was embalmed in the late President's own bed room, in the west wing of the Executive Mansion, fronting on Pennsylvania avenue. Among those in attendance during the process were Vice-President Johnson, General Augur, General Rucker and the attending physicians of the lamented deceased.—*National Intel.*

The Funeral Car.

The funeral car, which is being prepared for the occasion, is to be a magnificent affair. It is to be built on a hearse body, the extreme length fourteen feet. The body of the car will be covered with black cloth, from which will hang large festoons of cloth on the side and end, gathered and fastened by large rosettes of white and black satin, over bows of white and black velvet. The bed of the car on which the coffin will rest will be eight feet from the ground, in order to give a full view of the coffin; and over this will rise the canopy, the supports of which will be draped with black cloth and velvet. The top of the car will be decorated with plumes. The car will be drawn by six or eight horses, probably white, with black trappings, each led by a groom.

Orders of the Secretary of War—Gen Grant, &c

The Secretary of War has issued an order to the Armies of the United States, announcing the death of President Lincoln, and directing that the headquarters of every department, post, station, fort, and arsenal be draped in mourning for thirty days, and appropriate funeral honors paid by every army, and in every department, and at every military post, and at the Military Academy at West Point, to the memory of the late illustrious Chief Magistrate of the nation and Commander-in-Chief of its armies.

He also, in another order, directs that the army be informed that the office of President has devolved on Andrew Johnson.

The Lieutenant General, in an order directs that on the day after the receipt of the above order at the headquarters of any military division, department, army post, station, fort and arsenal, and at the Military Academy at West Point, the troops and cadets will be paraded at 10 o'clock A. M., and the orders read to them, after which all labors and operations for the day will cease and be suspended, as far as practicable in a state of war.

The usual funeral salute is ordered to be fired, and officers are directed to wear mourning for six months.

Postmaster General Dennison directs all the postoffices in the United States to be closed to-morrow from 11 to 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Lincoln.

We learn that Mrs. Lincoln, although completely overwhelmed with grief under the awful visitation of Providence upon her household, is bearing the calamity with as much fortitude as could possibly be expected under the circumstances. She has received the attentions of the families of the members of the Cabinet, of Senators, and other good friends in the city, who have striven to alleviate her terrible sufferings. By Mrs. Lincoln's special request, Mrs. Welles, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, has been in almost constant attendance at the White House since the tragedy took place.—*Wash. Rep.*

Description of the Assassins.

The Washington Chronicle furnishes the following description of John Wilkes Booth, who assassinated the President on the evening of April 14, 1865:

Height, 5 feet 8 inches; weight, 160 pounds; compact build; hair, jet black, inclined to curl, medium length, parted behind; eyes, black, and heavy dark eyebrows; wears a large seal ring on little finger; when talking inclines his head forward; looks down.

The following is a description of the person who attempted to assassinate Hon. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

Height 6 feet 1 inch; hair black, thick, full and straight; no beard, nor appearance of beard; cheeks red on the jaws; face moderately full; 22 or 23 years of age; eyes, color not known—large eyes, not prominent; brows not heavy, but dark; face not large, but rather round; complexion healthy; nose straight and well formed, medium size; mouth small; lips thin; upper lip protruded when he talked; chin pointed and prominent; head medium size; neck short, and of medium length; hands soft and small; fingers tapering; shows no signs of hard labor; broad shoulders; taper waist; straight figure; strong-looking man; manner not gentlemanly, but vulgar; overcoat double-breasted, color mixed of pink and gray spots, small—was a sack overcoat, pockets in side and one on the breast, with lappels or flaps; pants black, common stuff; new heavy boots; voice small and thin, inclined to tenor.

THE ASSASSINATION.

From a distinguished officer of the army, who was sitting near the President's box at the time of the assassination, the Philadelphia Inquirer has received the following interesting statement:

ACCOUNT OF A DISTINGUISHED EYE-WITNESS.

On the night of Friday, April 14th, 1865, in company with a friend, I went to Ford's Theatre, arriving there just after the entrance of President Lincoln and the party accompanying him. My friend and I, after viewing the Presidential party from the opposite side of the dress circle, went to the right side and took seats in the passage above the seats of the dress circle and about five feet from the door of the box. During the performance the attendant of the President came out and took the chair nearest the door.

I sat, and had been so sitting, about four feet to his left and rear for some time. A man, whose face I do not distinctly remember, passed me, and inquired of one sitting near me where the President's messenger was, and learning his identity, exhibited to him an envelope, apparently official, having a printed heading, and superscribed in a bold hand. I could not read the address, and did not try. I think now it was meant for Lieutenant General Grant. The man went away. Some time after I was disturbed in my seat by the approach of a man who desired to pass upon the aisle in which I was sitting.

Giving him room by bending my chair forward, he passed me, and stopped one step down upon the level below me. Standing there he was almost in the line of sight, and I saw him while watching the play. He stood, as I remember, one level above the messenger, and remained there perhaps one minute, apparently looking at the stage, and the orchestra below. Then he drew a number of visiting cards from his pocket, from which, with some attention, he drew or selected one.—These things I saw distinctly. I saw him stoop, and I think descend upon the level with the messenger, and by his right side.—He showed the card to the messenger.

My attention was then more closely fixed upon the scene, and I do not know whether the card was carried in by the messenger, or his assent given to the entrance of the man who presented it. I saw, a few minutes after, the man entering the door of the lobby leading to the box, and the door closing behind him. This was seen because I could not avoid observing it, the door side of the proscenium box and the stage being all within the direct and right oblique lines of sight. How long I watched the play after this entering, I do not know. It was, perhaps, two or three minutes, possibly four.

The house was still, the large audience listening to the dialogue between "Florence Trenchard" and "May Meredith," when the sharp report of a pistol rang through the house. It was apparently fired behind the scenes upon the right of the stage and behind the President's box. While it startled every one, yet it was evidently accepted by every one as an introduction of some new passage, several of which had been introduced in the early part of the play. A moment after a man leaped from off the box directly down, nine feet, on the stage, and ran rapidly across, bareheaded, and holding an unsheathed dagger in his right hand, the blade of which flashed brightly as he came within ten feet of the opposite exit.

In the gaslight I did not see his face as he leaped or ran, but I am confident that he was the man I saw enter. As he leaped he cried distinctly and aloud the motto of the State of Virginia—"*Sic semper tyrannis.*" The hearing of this and the sight of the dagger explained fully to me the nature of the deed he had committed. In a second more he had disappeared behind the side scene; consternation seemed for a moment or two to rivet every one to the seat. The next moment confusion reigned supreme. I saw the features of the man distinctly before he entered the box, having surveyed him contemptuously before he entered, supposing he was an ill-bred fellow who was pressing a selfish matter upon the President in his hours of leisure.

THE ASSASSINS AND THEIR ACCOMPLICES.

Two theories are pursued in regard to the escape of the assassins of Mr. Lincoln and the Sewards. One is that they have really gone from the city; the other that they are still concealed here. There is now no doubt that more than two were connected with the [illegible] is now definitely ascertained that John Wilkes Booth is the murderer of President Lincoln. There are stories afloat showing that long ago he manifested a disposition to become an actor in some such great tragedy. A vast amount of testimony has been taken on the subject, showing that it was his intention to have committed the deed on the 4th of March last; but this is irrelevant to the question of immediate interest. On Friday last he dined at Welcker's restaurant, the most fashionable one in the city. After dinner he returned to the National Hotel. When he was leaving he was noticed by Mr. Merritt, the clerk, to be unusually pale and nervous. He asked for a sheet of paper and an envelope, and commenced to write a letter at the public counter. Observing that a number of people were at the counter, he requested to be allowed to write at the private desk, which request was acceded to. While writing he inquired if it was 1864 or 1865, and was answered, "Don't you know the year you live in?" Upon finishing his letter he deposited it in the mail box, and proceeded to his room. About seven o'clock he came down to the office, and, upon handing his key to Mr. Bunker, the clerk on duty, the latter remarked his unusual paleness and marble like appearance, and asked if he was ill. He answered quickly, "No," and asked, "Are you going to Ford's theatre to-night?" Mr. Bunker replied "No." He said, "You ought to go; there is to be some splendid acting there to-night." The next heard of Booth was a little after 7 o'clock, when he, in company with five others, entered the drinking saloon of George Harry, adjoining Ford's Theatre, and all of them drank together. The emphasis of their manner in taking the drink attracted attention. After drinking they formally shook hands with each other, bidding one another good-bye. Upon leaving the barroom two of the party rode off horse-back.—After the tragic occurrence at Ford's Theatre an officer commanding one of the fortifications east of the city was hurrying to his command, and was accompanied by an orderly. Between Lincoln Hospital and Camp Barry they came upon two men riding desperately. These two turned down a lane in which were four others, all mounted. The officer and his orderly gave chase, and were fired upon. The orderly was wounded, and the party pursued rode rapidly away and escaped with those who were evidently waiting for them.

These facts, in connection with others, which for the present should not be published, lead to the belief that the horsemen who crossed the Anacostia river on that fated night were accomplices and decoys, and that the real culprits are either concealed in the city or have taken a different direction.—*Wash. Corres. N. Y. Times.*

A Regular Conspiracy.

The National Intelligencer, referring to the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, says:

We can state, on the highest authority, that it has been ascertained that there was a regular conspiracy to assassinate every member of the Cabinet, together with the Vice-President. Booth, it is said, sent his card up to the Vice President at the hotel, but Mr. Johnson could not conveniently see him.—The names of the severally appointed assassins are, we understand, known, and after the present investigation is concluded and published, the public will be astounded at the developments. From motives of public interest, we refrain from mentioning many of them that reach us.

The Investigations.

The Washington Star says:

Investigations by the civil and military authorities are still in progress, and the testimony of a large number of witnesses has already been taken. These investigations are proceeding quietly, however, as it is deemed best for the ends of justice that no publicity should be given at present to the facts elicited.

Several arrests of parties suspected of being connected with the murder of Mr. Lincoln and the attempted assassination of Secretary Seward and sons have been made. On Sunday, four men, dressed in female attire, were arrested in Georgetown, and committed to the Old Capitol.

Yesterday morning Detective Kelley and a detail of patrolmen, of the second ward, by order of Judge Olin, proceeded to the house of Mollie Turner, corner of 13th street and Ohio avenue, and arrested all the inmates, from the mistress to the cook, eight in all, and carried them to the police headquarters, to be held as witnesses. This is the house where Booth spent much of his time, Ella Turner, the woman who attempted suicide, being his kept mistress.

The Report of the Capture of Booth

The report that Booth had been captured and securely lodged on board the monitor Mahopac, seemed to have originated as follows:—On Saturday morning a man was captured about fifteen miles this side of Baltimore, who answered almost identically the description of Booth, and the authorities here were telegraphed to make due preparation for the safe keeping of the assassin. Such preparations were accordingly made, but it was subsequently ascertained that the person arrested, though bearing so singular a resemblance to the criminal, was quite another party.

A Coat Found.

On Sunday a gray coat, stained with blood, and which had evidently been worn as an overcoat, was found near Fort Bunker Hill, just back of Glenwood Cemetery. In the pocket was a false mustache, a pair of riding gloves, and a slip of paper upon which was written "Mary E. Gardner, 419." This is supposed to have been worn by the man who attacked Secretary Seward, although the weight of evidence indicates that all the conspirators took the same route, that of the Navy Yard bridge.—*Star.*

Booth's Room at the National.

I have visited the room No. 228, at the National Hotel, lately occupied by Booth. With the exception that letters and several other articles necessary to the conviction of the assassin have been taken from the room, it remains undisturbed. On the bureau, in a brown paper, lies half a pound of Killikinick tobacco, a clothes brush, a broken comb, and a pair of embroidered slippers. Scattered among the drawers were one shirt, two pair of drawers, several pairs of stockings, a half bottle of hair oil, and an old programme of the Oxford Concert Room. On the table lay several sheets of note paper, with a number of the hotel envelopes. A pair of black cassimer pantaloons, marked J. Wilkes Booth on the fob pocket, was the only article of clothing remaining. His trunk, which was locked, was marked with his name, and the word "theater" following the erasure of the name between the two. A large black leather valise sat on the floor near the trunk, and near it a pair of boots unpolished. The general aspect of things in the apartment was one of hasty exit. The articles mentioned are the only ones in the room.

The Wounds of Major Seward.

There has been considerable misunderstanding as to what members of the family of Secretary Seward were wounded. Major Augustus Seward, the oldest son, is a paymaster in the army. He was cut in several places, but not dangerously. This is the son who has been in some of the dispatches called William H., Jr., and Clarence. Clarence A. Seward is a nephew of the Secretary, and was in New York when the awful tragedy took place. Frederick W. Seward is the second son, and the Assistant Secretary of State. He met the assassin at the door, and was then felled to the floor by blows administered with a navy pistol, with such force as to break the pistol and separate the chambers from the barrel. Frederick disposed of, the dastard went into the room and attacked the Secretary. The male attendants and soldier nurses were the only other persons injured.

Mr. Seward and Son.

Secretary Seward suffered considerable pain last night from the wound in his neck, but he is much better this morning, and his speedy recovery is looked for.

Mr. Frederick Seward's condition is more favorable this morning, we are glad to say, and strong hopes are now entertained of his recovery. Last night he showed signs of returning consciousness, and this morning he recognized one of his attendants.

Mr. Hansell, one of the messengers of the State Department, who received a severe cut [illegible]

THE SUN.

BALTIMORE, TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1865

THE NEW PRESIDENT.—Andrew Johnson, who, by the death of Abraham Lincoln, has succeeded to the Presidency of the United States, was born in Raleigh, N. C., in 1808. Like his lamented predecessor, he is emphatically a self-taught man. His father lost his life when the son was four years of age, from the effects of exertions to save a drowning friend, and his mother, being left in poor circumstances, was unable to afford young Johnson educational facilities. He became apprentice to a tailor at ten years of age, and while serving in that capacity, by hard application, acquired the rudiments of an English education. His mind was first aroused in that direction by hearing readings, from a volume of speeches, by a gentleman who habitually visited the shop where he was at work. He took up the alphabet, without an instructor, and then, by procuring assistance from the journeymen, and the gentleman whose reading had aroused his faculties, (and who finally made him a present of the book of speeches,) and devoting some hours of the night to study, he accomplished the ground-work of after knowledge. In 1824 he went to Laurens Court-House, South Carolina, working there as a journeyman till 1826, when he returned to Raleigh, and after some months, set out for Tennessee, carrying with him his mother, who was dependent on him for support. He was now about nineteen years of age. He settled at Greenville, Tennessee, still working at his trade, where he subsequently married an intelligent lady, under whose guidance he made further and rapid progress in his studies. Ambitious, industrious and energetic, he soon entered public life, and embracing the tenets of the democratic party, was successively elected by that organization to the positions of alderman, mayor, State legislator, governor, member of the United States House of Representatives, and United States Senator. He was always in these positions regarded as a decided democrat in politics, and of his course on public measures, we gather the following summary from Savage's sketches of our representative men:

Mr. Johnson was a steady opponent of a United States Bank, of internal improvements by the Federal government, and of a protective tariff. In Congress he supported the annexation of Texas, the Mexican war, the tariff of 1846, the homestead bill, (of which he was one of the originators,) an economical administration of the government, the compromise measures of 1850, and also acted with the Southern Senators on the Kansas-Nebraska question. He vigorously opposed the doctrines of the "Know Nothing" party, and on the democratic theory of the unconstitutionality of such measures on the part of the general government, opposed the Pacific railroad project and river and harbor improvements. He always regarded the dissolution of the Union as an impossibility, and held that slavery had its foundation and would find its perpetuity in the Union, and the Union its continuance in non-interference with slavery. One of his arguments in favor of the annexation of Texas was that it would "prove to be the gateway out of which the sable sons of Africa are to pass from bondage to freedom, and become merged in a population congenial with themselves." He vehemently opposed secession, and his views and public acts since the outbreak of the rebellion are well known.

It was during the second session of the Thirty-seventh Congress that Mr. Johnson became so prominent in this connection. In three successive speeches, in reply to leading Southern Senators, he argued the fallacy of the doctrine of secession. On the day of the final adjournment of that Congress, he boldly assailed the sentiment then so rife and the movements on foot, in a speech from which we quote as reported in the official Congressional debates in the Globe:

"When I was interrupted, Mr. President, I was making a general allusion to treason, as defined in the Constitution of the United States, and to those who were traitors and guilty of treason within the scope and meaning of the law and the Constitution. My proposition was that if they would show me who were guilty of the offenses I have enumerated, I would show them who were the traitors. That being done, were I the President of the United States, I would do as Thomas Jefferson did in 1806 with Aaron Burr, who was charged with treason. I would have them arrested and tried for the treason, and, if convicted, *by the Eternal God, they should suffer the penalty of the law at the* [illegible] be made known."

When in the spring of 1862, Nashville was captured by our forces, Mr. Johnson, then still holding his seat as a Senator from Tennessee, accepted the position of military governor of that State. In the meantime he was nominated by the republican national convention in 1864 for Vice President on the ticket with Mr. Lincoln; but, after the election, continued to discharge the duties of his military Governorship up to the date of his inauguration as Vice-President, on the 4th of March last.

THE MARYLAND FEDERAL OFFICES.—It is known in the community that since the re-election of the late President Lincoln there has been some agitation among politicians in the State and city as to the Federal offices in Maryland, a revision of appointees being urged, it appears, in some quarters, though there had been no change of political parties. The result of this agitation had been looked for with more or less interest, of course, and a list purporting to embrace the names of persons to whom the late President had on Friday evening last directed commissions to be issued, has appeared in The Sun, embracing Collector and Surveyor of the port of Baltimore, Naval Officer, Postmaster, Naval Agent, United States Marshal, United States District Attorney, &c. The information was imparted to our reporters as on the authority of gentlemen who had been in Washington on Friday, and whose position would justify the acceptance of the statement.

The present incumbents of the Federal offices in Maryland, however, naturally enough have made inquiry into the matter—and represent that the respective members of the Cabinet to whose departments these appointments would pertain—the Treasury and Postoffice—have no knowledge of any such commissions having been ordered, though it is said to be usual for the President, before final action on such matters, to consult his Cabinet advisers. The commissions of the present incumbents, which are for four years, have not yet expired. The Washington Star of last evening, in reference to this subject, says no such appointments have been made, and adds: "We hear that recommendations for such appointments were filed late on Friday afternoon, but that no action whatever was taken in regard to them."

DEATH OF THE CELEBRATED RICHARD COBDEN, OF ENGLAND.—Richard Cobden, the announcement of whose death comes to us by the last steamer, was born at Dunford, in Sussex, in 1804. On the death of his father, a small farmer, he was taken charge of by his uncle, a warehouseman in London. He became a commercial traveler, and in this capacity visited various parts of the world, including the United States, in 1835. By this time he had become a partner in a cotton printing establishment near Manchester, and built up a prosperous business. In 1835 he published two pamphlets, entitled "England, Ireland and America," and "Russia." In 1839 he took a leading part in establishing the well known and powerful anti-corn league. He was elected to Parliament for Stockport in 1841, commencing his political career in the first year of Sir Robert Peel's second administration.—He immediately took a high rank as a parliamentary speaker. He spoke and voted for the repeal of the corn laws, which measure was carried and received the royal assent June 26, 1846.

Sir Robert Peel, in retiring from office shortly after, attributed the repeal of the corn laws chiefly to Mr. Cobden, and his services were acknowledged by the nation in a handsome subscription of $350,000, on the receipt of which he retired from business and purchased the property near Midhurst, on which he had been born, and which he formerly owned. In 1845–7 he was returned to Parliament for Stockport, and also for the West Riding of Yorkshire. He decided to sit for the latter, and was re-elected in 1852.—Meantime he had become an active member of the Peace Society, and published several pamphlets advocating the settlement of national disputes by arbitration. He opposed the war with Russia, and in 1857 voted to censure Lord Palmerston for entering into the war with China. The latter vote caused his rejection by his constituents.

His later career is well known in the United States, associated as his name has been with that of Mr. Bright, at the head of the so-called extreme Liberal party. He was a warm admirer of the American Union and its institutions.

PROMINENT REBELS ARRESTED.—Judge Campbell, Mayor Mayo, and all the rebel officers in Richmond on parole, have been arrested, and will be held for any future contingency that may arise. That prominent rebel officials have had something to do with this assassination by organizing the conspiracy, there seems to be no doubt.—*Wash. Rep*

Major General Butler, it is stated, has been induced not to resign his position in the army.

WANTS.

WANTED—Two COACH-TRIMMERS, at A. CASBY'S, Harford avenue and John st. a18-2t*

WANTED—A good Cook, Washer and Ironer.—Apply at 88 N. LIBERTY STREET. a18-2t*§

WANTED—A WOMAN, to Cook, Wash and Iron. Must come well recommended. Apply at 255 LEXINGTON ST. 1t*

WANTED—At the Hand House, No. 43 Pace st., a good COOK; one that can come well recommended will receive good wages. a18-2t*}

WANTED—A SET of SECOND-HAND OFFICE FURNITURE. Address Wm. H. L., office of the Sun. a18-2t*†

WANTED—A good WAGONER; constant employment and good wages given. Apply to SAML. HALL, at the New Almshouse. a18-2t*

WANTED—A COOK—one that can come well recommended. (German preferred.) Apply at No. 98 HOLLINS ST. a18-2t*

WANTED—TWO BOYS, to carry out Ice-Cream. Apply to J. FUSSELL & CO., Saratoga street, near Calvert. 1t*7

WANTED—Ten good FARM-HANDS, white or colored. Good wages given. Apply to JOHN L. SHRIVER & BRO. a18-3t*

WANTED—A GIRL, to do the Cooking, Washing and Ironing in a private family. Must come well recommended. Apply at No. 323 WEST FAYETTE STREET. 1t*

WANTED—A YOUTH, between 16 and 20, who has had some experience in the Drug business. Must come well recommended. Inquire of BOWLING & BRO., 208 Madison avenue. a18-3t*

WANTED—In a Wholesale Grocery House, a Young MAN, as Salesman and Shipping Clerk. Applicants will give references and state salary expected. Address GROCER, Sun office. a18-3t*

MILLINERS WANTED—Wanted immediately, three good MILLINERS; none but good hands need apply, at MRS. D. STERNS, No. 20½ North Howard st. 1t*

WANTED—By a respectable young Girl, a SITUATION as Chambermaid and Nurse. Apply at 181 VINE STREET, between Fremont and Poppleton. 1t*?

WANTED—A GIRL, to do the work of a small family in a small house. German preferred. References required. Apply at 233 N. HOWARD ST., above Madison. 1t*†

WANTED—A SITUATION by a Young Girl, as Chambermaid or Waitress, or would stay in a Dry Goods or Fancy Store. Apply at 13 PERRY ST., between Hanover and Charles. 1t*

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY, to work at the Dress making; one who understands it in all its branches. Inquire immediately at 028 WEST BALTIMORE ST. Also, two or three Apprentices.*

WANTED—By a Young Man of six years' experience in the Dry Goods business, a SITUATION in a Wholesale or Retail House, or as Travelling Agent. Address M. E. S., 38 S. Sharp st. a18-2t*

WANTED—At 170 PRESTON ST., near Garden, two good SERVANTS—one to Cook, Wash and Iron, and one to act as Housemaid and Waiter. Good references required. a18-2t*

WANTED—As HOUSEKEEPER, with good recommendations, a respectable Woman, who can sew well. Apply at 153 N. CHARLES ST., corner of Madison. a18-3t*

WANTED—A good colored BOY, about 16 years old, to take care of a Horse and make himself useful. Apply at No. 934 W. LEXINGTON ST., beyond Fulton. a18-3t*

DRIVER WANTED—To drive a two-Horse Truck. A first-rate Driver, that will take good care of Horses, will find a permanent situation. Apply to WM. DAVISON & CO., 104 Lombard st. a18-4t*

WANTED—At once, a first class PHOTOGRAPHER, to go to Harper's Ferry. Apply, without delay, at RICHARD WALZL'S Photographic Stock House, 77 West Baltimore street. 1t*

WANTED TO RENT—An OFFICE in the vicinity of the Postoffice—first floor, front Room. Address, stating terms, Box No. 274 Baltimore postoffice. 1t*]

WANTED—A German GIRL, to do general housework; Protestant preferred. Apply at No 322 W. SARATOGA ST., between Chatsworth and Fremont. a18-3t*)

SURVEYORS WANTED.—Two or three good practical Surveyors to do plain work. Industrious men can make very good pay. Address S. J. M., Sun office. a18-3t*

WANTED—A middle aged White WOMAN, to Cook, Wash and Iron for a small family, a short distance from town. Apply before two o'clock, at No. 159 W. LOMBARD ST. 1t*

WANTED—A Situation, in a Wholesale Grocery or Commission House, by a young MAN, who has had about five years' experience in the Grocery business. Reference given if required. Address GROCERY, Sun office. a18-3t*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A good, settled WOMAN, to cook, wash and iron for a small family, either colored or white, with good reference. Apply at No. 172 GARDEN ST. on Tuesday, the 18th instant, and Wednesday, the 19th. 1t*]

WANTED—By a respectable married Man, a SITUATION as Coachman, and take charge of horses. Has no objection to make himself useful about the place. A short distance in the country preferred. Apply at No. 20 MERCER ST., one door from Light. 1t*

WANTED—A SITUATION, by a widow Lady, as Housekeeper, in a private family; or would take care of a house for the summer, while the family are away. A good home is what is desired and wages no object. Address H. B., Sun office, Baltimore. a18-4t*

TWO HOUSE-CARPENTERS WISH TO GET EMPLOYMENT by the day, either in town or country; they understand architectural drawing, stair building, and any branch in the carpenter line. Would have no objection to work in Washington. Please address HOUSE-CARPENTER, Baltimore Postoffice, for one week. 1t*

WANTED—FIFTY LABORERS, at the Works of the Somerset Iron and Coal Company. [illegible] THOMAS & SONS, northwest corner of Lexington and Arch streets. a18-3t*

WANTED TO BUY—A young Riding HORSE; price from $75 to $100. Address HORSE, Sun office. a18-3t*]

WANTED—A good female COOK for a small family. Apply immediately at No. 569 LEXINGTON ST. a17-2t*

WANTED—A good GIRL, for Housework. Apply at No. 4 WAVERLEY TERRACE. Must come well recommended. a17-3t*

WANTED—A COLORED GIRL, to Cook, Wash and Iron for a small family. Liberal wages paid. Apply at No. 251 N. HOWARD ST. a17-3t

WANTED—A first-class JOURNEYMAN BARBER; constant employment; best wages given; white preferred. F. G. GEORGIUS, Howard House Basement. a17-2t*

WANTED—A TEACHER, for Primary School No. 56; salary $350, with a prospect of it being raised. Address TRUSTEES of the above School, Arnold's Store Postoffice, Anne Arundel county, Maryland. a17-3t*

WANTED—A SITUATION, by a Colored MAN, in a first-class Dry Goods, Carpet, House-furnishing or Grocery store; best of reference given.—Address No. 10 at 109 West BALTIMORE STREET. a17-2t*

WANTED—At the Intelligence and Employment Office, No. 8 N. FREDERICK ST., Farmers, Gardeners, Wagoners, Coachmen, Farm Hands, Hostlers, Dining Room Waiters, Boys, Nurses, Cooks, Dairymaids, Laundresses, and Women and Girls for general Housework. a17-6t*

WANTED—A SITUATION, by a sober and industrious Man, in a Boot and Shoe Store, as Salesman and to do mending and general storework. Best references given. Inquire at or address MAYNARD, ELY & HOSE, 46 South Calvert st. a15-3t*

WANTED—A Carriage PAINTER. Apply to JOHN CURLETT & SON, No. 38 North street. a15-3t*

WANTED—In a Retail Apothecary Store, a young MAN, having a knowledge of the business.—Apply at the southeast corner of HOLLINS and OREGON STS. a15-3t*

WANTED—A good CARRIAGE TRIMMER can find constant employment and good wages by applying to JAS. WILKINSON & BROTHERS, Livery Stable, corner Bond and Bank sts. ap15-3t*

WANTED—A neat and cleanly GIRL, to do General Housework. A good home and fair wages given. Apply at 254 AISQUITH ST., nearly opposite St. James' Convent. a15-3t*

WANTED—A SITUATION, by a Young WOMAN, as Housekeeper or Pastry Cook in a Hotel or first-class Restaurant. Any reference given that is required. Address a note to A. E., at Sun office. a15-3t*

WANTED—A PLACE, in a Retail Dry Goods or Grocery Store, by a Young Man from Frederick, Md.; wages no object—he wants to learn the business. Address WILLIAM STEPHENS, Sun office. a15-3t*

WANTED—A SITUATION, by an intelligent and active young Woman, to do Chamberwork and Plain Sewing; would have no objection to the country during the summer. Apply at No. 108 SOUTH HOWARD ST. a15-3t*

WANTED—A one-year SUBSTITUTE. Please inquire personally at MALE SCHOOL No. 4, N. E. corner of Hanover and Lee sts., for three days, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. a11-7t*

WANTED—OCCUPANTS for the best Shop Rooms in the city, with ample power connected. Address, stating kind of business, BOX 307, Baltimore Postoffice. a13-1m*

EMPLOYMENT AT YOUR OWN HOMES.

THOUSANDS CAN REALIZE A HUNDRED DOLLARS WEEKLY. No utensils required except those found in every household; profits 100 per cent.; demand staple as flour. It is the greatest discovery of the age. Full particulars sent on receipt of two stamps for return postage. Address C. MUNRO BROWN & CO., 74 Bleecker st., N. Y. a18-6

WANTED—At Muerkirk Furnace, HANDS, to work in Furnace and also to work on the farm. For information apply to Messrs. COULTER & CO., No. 53 Light street. a11-6t*

$50,000 WANTED—On a very valuable REAL ESTATE in the country.—Satisfactory references will be given. Apply to WILLIAM WARFIELD & SON, No. 13 St. Paul street. a17-tf

WANTED—A white MAN for farm work. ELLICOTT & HEWES, Exchange Place. a11-tf

WANTED—AT $150 PER MONTH, a reliable CANVASSER in every town and county, for *THE NURSE AND SPY*, the most interesting and exciting book ever published, embracing the adventures of a Woman in the Union Army, as Nurse, Scout and Spy, giving a most vivid inner picture of the war. We have agents clearing $150 per month, which we will prove to any doubting applicant.—Send for circulars. Address JONES, BROS. & CO., 600 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. m21-1m*

WANTED TO RENT—A small PLACE in the country, with a view of purchasing the same. Also, wanted, a HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, by the 10th of May. Eastern part of the city preferred. Address J. H. B., at the Sun office. a17-3t*

STORE WANTED.—A handsome bonus and fair rent will be paid for the use of a large and commodious STORE on Baltimore street, for one month. Address, stating location, dimensions, and when possession may be had, C. G., 98 NASSAU ST., New York. a18-6t*

WANTED—By the 1st of May or June, a convenient HOUSE, at a moderate rent, by a good tenant. The best city references given. Address W. C., Box 1988 Baltimore Postoffice. a17-7t*

BOARDING.

A GENTLEMAN AND LADY are desirous of obtaining a furnished ROOM, in the central or eastern part of the city. Board for the Lady only.—Address W. G. J., Postoffice. a18-3t*

TWO LARGE WELL FURNISHED COMMUNICATING ROOMS, also one single Room on the second floor, with or without BOARD, in a private family. References exchanged. Apply at the Sun office. 1t*

BOARDING WANTED—By a single MAN, who will furnish his own room; would prefer being in a private family. Location, northwestern section of the city, within the limits of Howard, Paca, Saratoga and Biddle streets. Address M. B. J., No. 4 South Liberty street. 1t*

SEVERAL GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN GOOD BOARD by applying soon at 159 WEST PRATT STREET, east of Charles. a16-1m*

BOARDING—Unfurnished ROOMS, for gentlemen only, with Breakfast and Tea, may be obtained in a private family, near the Cathedral; references exchanged. Apply at the Sun office. a15-3t*

PERSONS WISHING BOARD can be accommodated with fine, pleasant ROOMS, on first and second floors, by applying at No. 110 W. FAYETTE ST. References exchanged. a15-3t*

BOARDERS.—A few persons can be accommodated with BOARD, in a private family. Apply at No. 40 S. EUTAW ST. For Rent—a comfortable STABLE, suitable for four Horses and one or two Carriages. Apply as above. a11-eo3t*

BOARD.—Several neatly furnished ROOMS, with good Board, can be had for a Gentleman and Wife, and several single Gentlemen. Apply at 112 WEST FAYETTE ST. a15-3t*

PERSONS desirous of good BOARD and a comfortable home, in a large, pleasant house, can be accommodated at 122 E. BALTIMORE ST. a1-tM8*

GENTLEMEN AND THEIR WIVES can be accommodated with good BOARD and pleasant Front or Back ROOMS; also Single Gentlemen, by applying at No. 82 HANOVER ST. Transient Boarders accommodated. a14-eo3t*

BOARDING.—Transient and permanent BOARDERS accommodated at MRS. HAURAND'S, 64 N. GAY ST. a18-6t

BOARDING.—One pleasant ROOM, (furnished,) with BOARD, suitable for a Gentleman and Wife, or single Gentlemen, 119 N. CHARLES ST., near Franklin. a8-9t*

BOARD WANTED.—WANTED, BOARD, in the northwestern part of the city, for a GENTLEMAN, WIFE and small CHILD, with furnished ROOMS in a respectable Boarding-House or private family, where they can have the comforts of a home. Address C. D., at the Sun office. a14-6t*

PERSONS desirous of good BOARD and a comfortable home in a large, pleasant house, can be accommodated at No. 14 W. BALTIMORE ST., near Harrison, at $4 50 per week. a30-6m*

LOST AND FOUND

$2 REWARD.—LOST—A CHILD'S ARMLET.—The above reward will be given the finder if returned to No. 95 W. BALTIMORE ST. SISCO BROS. a18-2t*

LOST—Within the last ten days, a flat bottom BOAT; it is from 30 to 35 feet in length, and painted black. Any information will be thankfully received at 24 PATTERSON ST. a18-2t*

LOST—On Monday, in Charles or Lexington st., a black ground imitation ROMAN SCARF. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at No. 76 N. CHARLES ST. a18-2t*

LOST—Yesterday afternoon, on the east side of Pearl street, between Saratoga and Franklin, a PIECE OF LINEN. The finder will please leave it at No. 77 PEARL STREET. 1t*

FOUND—Near the County wharf, a SUM OF MONEY, which the owner can have by describing the same and paying for this advertisement. Apply at No. 176 S. CENTRAL AVENUE. a18-3t*

FOUND—On Saturday, April 1st, corner Mulberry and St. Paul streets, a TRAVELING BAG, containing Books, Clothing and some valuable papers, which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement. Apply at No. 208 RABORG ST. 1t*

LOST—On the morning of the 11th instant, in the Postoffice *EIGHTY-THREE DOLLARS*—eight Ten's and three One's, (Greenbacks.) The gentleman who was seen to pick it up will be rewarded by leaving it at the NAVY AGENT'S OFFICE. 1t*

LOST—A POCKET-BOOK, containing between $30 and $35, supposed to have been lost in Bamberger & Bro's store, 57 North Howard st. A suitable reward will be paid by applying at the Sun office. 1t*

LOST—On Monday morning, April 17th, between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock, on Eutaw, Baltimore, Calvert, Second or Gay street, a plain Gold BRACELET. Valued as the gift of a friend. A liberal reward will be given if left at No. 186 WEST LOMBARD ST. a18-3t*

LOST—On the 17th instant, a POCKET BOOK containing Eighty seven Dollars and Fifty Cents; also, a white Lava Breastpin. Supposed to have been lost in Easter's dry goods store, either at the glove or calico counter. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to the CASHIER of the above store. 1t*

ANY ONE WHO PICKED UP TWO LETTERS on the 17th instant, on Pleasant, Calvert, Baltimore or North street, addressed to a Sutler, near Richmond, and a lady, N. Y., will please leave them at the Sun office; and, if opened, no questions will be asked, as they contain no money, only had on a stamp. A reward of fifty cents for the Sutler's letter, and twenty-five cents for the New York one, may be obtained. 1t*

CAME TO MY PREMISES, on the 11th instant, a Newfoundland DOG, which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement. F. W. MIRTE, 63 S. Fremont st. a18-3t*

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost, on Thursday 13th inst., a dark-brown BULL TERRIER DOG. The above reward will be paid for his return to No. 80 GREENMOUNT AVENUE. a18-2t*

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Estrayed, on Friday evening last, from the [illegible] paid for his delivery to WILLIAM H. FOWLER. 1t*

STRAYED FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, on last Thursday evening, a small black COW. A liberal reward will be given for its return to MRS. KANE, 20 Mosher street. a18-3t*

LOST—On the street on Sunday, a HORSE COVER. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at 41 LEXINGTON ST. a17-2t*

FOUND—On Baltimore street, a small sum of MONEY, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply at No. 98 PEARL STREET. a17-2t*

FOUND—A piece of WHITE GOODS, which the owner can have by applying at No. 10 LIGHT ST., and paying expenses. a15-3t*

LOST—A black enameled broad and heavy GOLD BRACELET. Ample reward will be paid for its recovery. Apply at the Sun office. a15-eo3t*

MONEY LOST—*FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.*—Lost, Friday 14th inst., about 1 o'clock P. M., in the neighborhood of the Sun office, or between there and Clark's auction store, No. 181 Baltimore street, a small MEMORANDUM BOOK, containing either Twenty-eight or Thirty-three Dollars, and some papers of no value. The money consisted of one Ten Dollar Note, three or four Five Dollar Notes, and three One Dollar Notes. The Ten is believed to have been a Greenback; the other notes supposed to be Baltimore notes. By applying at the Sun office the finder will receive the above reward, or more if demanded. a15-3t*

$10 REWARD.—Lost or stolen, on Monday, 3d inst., a large black and white Newfoundland DOG, nine months old, breast, face, feet and tip of tail white. Any person returning him to Q. M. Sergt HENRY J. MILLER, Fort McHenry, shall receive the above reward. a16-3t*

PERSONAL.

THE THOMAS G. BOND whose name appeared in the Sun of the 11th instant, as being arrested for Disloyalty, by the military authorities, is not MR. THOMAS G. BOND, of the Charleston House, No. 76 West Pratt street. 1t*

MISSING FROM HOME—Since March 31st, CALEB YOUS; in his 9th year, of florid complexion, black eyes and hair, mark on his nose from a fall, speaks German and English; had on dark blue clothing and soldier's cap. Any information of the above will be thankfully received by his widowed mother, 190 HUGHES ST. a18-3t*

PERSONAL.—MADAME MICHA can now be consulted on *Past, Present and Future Events*, at 45 McHENRY ST., near Fremont. Fee 25 cents.—No gentlemen admitted. a18-3t*

PERSONAL.—The INDIAN MEDICINE, No. 77 CAMDEN ST., cures all Diseases; will cure the Piles in twenty-four hours. a18-2t*

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Information is wanted of ANN DONOHUE, who left Baltimore on the 13th January, 1865, saying she was going to Washington, but has disappeared. She was dressed in a gray cloak, black bonnet trimmed with blue, and a plaid dress. Address SARAH DONOHUE, 56 St. Paul street. [Philadelphia Ledger please copy.] a6-eo12t

WANTED—Any person that may see MRS. ELIZABETH BUTT, to inform her that CALEB BUTT, her husband, is at Still Pond, Kent County, Maryland. a11-9t*

PERSONAL.—Persons afflicted with NEURALGIA can obtain a never-failing remedy of W. J. STOWELL, No. 131 S. Broadway, Baltimore.—Sent free to any part of the country, on receipt of 55 cents. a11-1m*

OLD DR. C. S. SEA, M. D., RELIEF ROOMS, 253 *N. BOND STREET*, near Gay. a18-1m*

CORNS, BUNIONS, INVERTED NAILS AND CHILBLAINS, *Cured Without Pain*, by Dr. PAINTER, Surgeon, from the capital of Russia, at No. 20 E. BALTIMORE ST., 3 doors from Front. CORN ELIXIR 50 cents. m29-1m*

LADIES—MARRIED AND SINGLE.—I am your only friend. (All in trouble call.) Business strictly confidential. Observe, No. 110 Fayette st., near Aisquith. MADAME CARSON. m16-1m*

"PSYCHOMANCY."—How either sex may fascinate and gain the love, confidence, affection and good-will of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, securing certain success in love, marriage, &c., free by mail, for 25 cents; together with a guide to the unmarried of both sexes—an extraordinary book, of great interest; third edition. Over 100,000 copies already sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia. m21-1m*

ASTROLOGY.—MADAME CARSON, No. 110 FAYETTE ST., near Aisquith, the only sure guide for Ladies and Gentlemen concerning the *Present and Future*. Insures truthful satisfaction. m16-1m*

DOCTOR SCHUMAN, Physician for Ladies, No. 893 Lexington street, above Fremont, insures success in all diseases of the Womb, without any injurious medicines. Ladies attended at their residence in any part of the city if desired. m21-1m*

LADIES, IF YOU ARE DESIROUS of the services of a GOOD LADIES' PHYSICIAN, apply to DOCTOR SCHUMAN, 893 Lexington street, above Fremont. He has had more experience than any one in this city, and can be relied upon in any emergency.

Particular attention paid to DISEASES OF THE WOMB, and difficult cases of MIDWIFERY.

Ladies attended to at their residence, if desired. m18-1m*

SOLDIERS' FAMILIES Can have their claims for *BOUNTY, PAY AND PENSION PROMPTLY COLLECTED.* ALSO, PRIZE MONEY for Seamen, and arrears of pay due heirs of officers of the Army and Navy, by W. B. HILL, Government Claim Office, 70 West Fayette street, Baltimore, Md. Full information given without charge. m5-6m

AMUSEMENTS.

HERRING RUN COURSE.—In consequence of the great National calamity, the RACE over this Course will NOT take place to-day. DANIEL STEEVER, Proprietor. 1t

POSTPONEMENT.—In consequence of the sad calamity which has befallen the country, the BALL of the CARROLL SENIOR ASSOCIATION will be POSTPONED until WEDNESDAY, 3d of May. Tickets issued for April 18th, good for this occasion. By order of the COMMITTEE. 1t*

FIRST GRAND SOIREE OF THE APPRENTICES OF THE BALTIMORE LOCOMOTIVE WORKS, AT CENTRAL HALL, ON THURSDAY EVENING, April 20th, 1865. COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS: W. Hoofnagle, W. Canning, C. Cunningham, C. Harkey, P. Fitzpatrick, R. Davis, Chairman. Tickets 50 cents—admitting a Gentleman and Ladies. a18-3t*

PROF. J. R. CODET'S LAST SOIREE DANSANTE—On THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, April 18th, at his Dancing Academy, WESTERN HALL, Howard and Lexington streets. a15-3t*

FOR SALE AND RENT.

FIRST-CLASS DWELLINGS FOR SALE—On North Charles st., near Read, and St. Paul st., near Madison, in complete order. JOHN J. JACKSON, 38 St. Paul st. a18-3t*

FIRST-CLASS DWELLING on ST. PAUL ST. FOR SALE—Between Madison and Read sts., built on the Ortwine plan, and in complete order. JOHN J. JACKSON, 38 St. Paul st. a18-3t*

COUNTRY SEATS AND FARMS FOR SALE within a few miles of the city, well improved, at moderate prices and easy terms. JOHN J. JACKSON, 38 St. Paul st. a18-3t*

HOUSES FOR SALE—On West Lombard st., Courtland st., W. Franklin st., Calvert st., Enlow st., Hoffman st., &c. JOHN J. JACKSON, 38 St. Paul street. a18-3t*

FOR SALE—The House, Good Will and Fixtures of a first-class CONFECTIONERY and ICE CREAM ESTABLISHMENT, in the best part of the city. Inquire of F. C. KINEMUND, No. 528 W. Fayette st. a18-6t*

FOR SALE—The Good Will and Fixtures of a small GROCERY and LAGER BEER SALOON, near Mount Clare Depot, opposite Camp Carroll. Will be sold cheap for cash. Apply at once, at the corner of FULTON and McHENRY STS.

FOR SALE—The GOOD WILL of a first class LODGING and EATING HOUSE, directly opposite the Camden Station, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. If desired a portion of the FURNITURE will be sold. Apply at 119 CAMDEN ST. 1t*

FOR SALE—HOUSE No. 56 on the west side of Courtland st., between Franklin and Mulberry, having basement, and three stories, and modern improvements. If not sold by the 25th inst., it will be for rent. Apply to THOS. RIGGS, No. 30 Second street, second floor. a18-6t*

FOR SALE—A first-class RESIDENCE, in fee simple, with all modern improvements, No. 41 McCulloh st. Lot 20 by 127 feet. Early possession given. Apply to F. W. BENNETT & CO., Nos. 28 and 30 South Charles st. a18-10t

FOR SALE—A FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY STORE, on Baltimore street, one of the best locations in the city; will be sold with or without stock to suit purchaser; now doing a first-rate business. For full particulars, apply at 78 or 105 WEST BALTIMORE ST. ap18-3t*

FOR RENT—The DWELLING HOUSE No. 238 Conway st., three stories high, with two-story and attic Back Building, gas and water; also, Stabling for 20 head of horses, and lot 66 by 150 feet, binding on Fremont street and Burgundy alley; would be a desirable location for a wood or coal yard. Inquire next door of JOHN GREAGEN, 47 South street. a18-eo6t*

FOR RENT—To a responsible tenant, a COUNTRY SEAT or MARKET FARM, 60 acres of land, with a good Stone DWELLING, Barn, Stabling, and other outbuildings, in good repair; 7½ miles on the Frederick turnpike, a quarter of a mile above the terminus of the Catonsville railway. Possession given at once. Apply to REID & TURNER, 71 Fayette street, near Charles. a18-5t*

COUNTRY BOARDING HOUSE FOR RENT. The *ROSEBURG HOUSE*, situated near the Agricultural College, on the Baltimore and Washington Turnpike, and a half-mile from a Station on the Railroad, will be rented with part of the furniture, if desired, on application to J. O. WHARTON, Agricultural College. a15-tf

CLARETS IN WOOD.—50 casks Cantenac, in prime order, in store and for sale by J. B. CHARRON & CO., corner Hanover and Lombard sts. a17-tf

CLARETS IN GLASS.—100 cases St. Julien; 500 do various other popular brands. In store and for sale at lowest market rates by J. B. CHARRON & CO., corner Hanover and Lombard sts. a17-tf

SAUTERNE WINES.—50 cases Bordeaux Sauterne; 50 cases and half cases Cette do.; 500 cases Bordeaux Sauternes, various grades. In store and for sale at lowest rates by J. B. CHARRON & CO., corner Hanover & Lombard sts. a17-tf

SUGAR.—Brown 13, 15 and 16 cents; White 18 cts.; Crushed 20 cents. Philadelphia SYRUP $1 25. JOHN T. RIGNEY, No. 51 S. Liberty street. a15-3t*

500 BUSHELS WHITE MERCER POTATOES, just received. Also, a fine lot of Carters and Peach Blows. For sale by F. CLAUTICE, No. 69 Pratt street. a15-3t*

MOORE & CAUGHY, *IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF CLOTHIERS' AND TAILORS' TRIMMINGS. MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.* No. 6 SOUTH CHARLES ST.

HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders, in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action.

SALT. TURKS ISLAND SALT. WORTHINGTON FINE and GROUND ALUM SALT. For sale by SAMUEL T. PEARCE, 58 Exchange Place. a6-1m*

POUDRETTE, of best quality, at moderate price, in quantities to suit. LESTER & CO., No. 140 N. Howard st. m28-1m*

PICKLES! PICKLES! 1,000 bbls., half bbls. and kegs PICKLES. 3,000 doz. Pickles in glass. 1,000 doz. TOMATO CATSUP. 500 bbls. Pickles in salt. For sale by H. S. KING & CO., Nos. 28 and 30 South Frederick st. a5-5w*

FISH! FISH! FISH! REDUCED PRICES! No. 1, 2 and 3 MACKEREL. Labrador and Shore HERRINGS. CODFISH and HAKE FISH. Scaled HERRINGS, in boxes. For sale by SELLMAN & HOPKINS, No. 4 Bowly's wharf. a5-1m*

PHILADELPHIA XX ALE.—The undersigned having been appointed SOLE AGENT in this city for the sale of O'NEILL & CO.'S PHILADELPHIA XX ALE, informs the public generally that he has taken the Cellar northeast corner of SOUTH and WATER STREETS, where he will keep a regular supply of this celebrated Ale, which is now the favorite at the principal Hotels and Restaurants in Philadelphia and Baltimore. Shippers and all others can be supplied at shortest notice. CASPAR WIRTH, N. W. corner South and Water sts. a14-1m*

48 STYLES OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, From $5 to $55 a piece. Old Carriages repaired, painted and exchanged. GEO. F. STEINBACH, No. 79 W. Baltimore street, corner of Tripolet's alley. a17-2t*

$300 STATE BOUNTIES. $300 STATE BOUNTIES COLLECTED.—Parties having claims for State Bounty can have them COLLECTED for a small per centage. Prompt returns made when the money is collected. F. P. STEVENS, Attorney at Law, 48 Lexington street. a17-6t*

MR. JUSTIN SACHS would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has just opened a first-class ICE-CREAM and MINERAL-WATER SALOON on the southwest corner of BIDDLE and ROSS STS., where he solicits their patronage during the coming season. ICE-CREAM and WATER ICES of every flavor, and CAKES of every variety, furnished at the shortest notice, at parties, weddings, and to families. a15-7t*

MARYLAND SAW MANUFACTORY.—*HENRY C. BROWN & CO., Manufacturers of Every Description of CAST STEEL SAWS*, on the most approved principle, UHLER'S ALLEY, one door from Charles st., between Lombard and Pratt, Baltimore, Md. Circular, Mill, Cross-Cut, Pit, Hand and Wood Saws. Saws of every description repaired. An assortment of Saws of superior quality and of every description, always on hand. Orders executed with punctuality and dispatch. m17-1m*

AMERICAN NAIL AND NAIL MACHINE MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA AND MARYLAND.

CAPITAL.........$300,000

6,000 SHARES—PAR VALUE, $50.

PRESIDENT, HENRY THOMAS.

TREASURER, JOHN W. HALL.

DIRECTORS, HENRY THOMAS, Harrisburg. JOHN W. HALL, Harrisburg. C. A. WALBORN, Philadelphia. R. G. HIRMAN, Baltimore. HENRY GILBERT, Harrisburg.

BANKERS, ADAMS & LEVIS, Philadelphia.

The Subscription Book for the Capital Stock of this Company is now open at the BANKING HOUSE OF ADAMS & LEVIS, No. 308 CHESNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

Persons wishing to make a profitable investment are respectfully invited to call on MESSRS. ADAMS & LEVIS.

Who will give them further information, and will show them the Machines, now running and making nails.

The advantages we claim for our Machines over any others in use, are: That they produce a more PERFECT NAIL, With a better head, and fewer imperfect nails. That they effect a saving of not less than fifty per cent. in the expense of grinding knives and dies. And the Machines being SELF-FEEDING, They effect a saving of from fifty to seventy-five per cent. in the labor of cutting nails.

Parties feeling an interest, and desiring to subscribe, will please call and examine for themselves.

Subscriptions for Baltimore will be received at the office of R. G. HIRMAN & CO., 88 South street, Where all other information will be given. a17-6t*

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible]

THE SUN.

BALTIMORE, TUESDAY, APRIL 18.

THE PLAGUE IN RUSSIA.—All Europe has been alarmed by the reported appearance of the Siberian plague at St. Petersburg, and its advance toward the frontier of Germany. A telegram from St. Petersburg states that it is committing fearful ravages, and that official returns as to the number of victims have altogether ceased. A semi-official organ of the Russian government denies the correctness of these reports, which, however, the neighboring countries agree in accepting as true. The Austrian government has sent a medical commission to St. Petersburg to examine into the nature of the epedemic, and the French government has ordered all ships arriving from Russia to be put in quarantine. The English government has sent instructions to the consuls in Russia and the ports of the Baltic to collect all the information they could on the subject and forward it to England.

DEPARTURE FOR EUROPE.—Bishop Janes, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, leaves for Europe in the steamship China, from New York, to-morrow, as a delegate of the American Bible Society to the British and Foreign Bible Society. He also goes as the representative of the Methodist Episcopal Church here to the conference of the Wesleyan Methodist Conference in England. He will likewise visit Germany and Denmark for the purpose of ordaining a number of missionaries.

LOSS OF AN EXPRESS MESSENGER.—We learn from Fortress Monroe that O. Blatchford, a messenger of Adams & Co.'s Express, was lost on board the steamer General Lyon, which was burned off Cape Hatteras. Mr. Blatchford had in charge a considerable amount of money and a large quantity of freight. He belonged in Rockport, Mass., where he leaves a wife and four children.—*Wash. Rep.*

COMMERCIAL AND FARMERS' BANK. BALTIMORE, March 17, 1865. By a resolution of the President and Directors passed this day, the Stockholders are hereby requested to attend a meeting to be held at their Banking House on TUESDAY, the 2d day of May next, at 12 o'clock, to authorize the Bank to adopt the United States National Banking Law. TRUMAN CROSS, Cashier. m20-2awtMy2

COMMERCIAL AND FARMERS BANK, BALTIMORE, April 4th, 1865. Stockholders in this Bank are hereby notified that an ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS to serve the ensuing year will be held at their Banking House, on MONDAY, the first day of May next, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock. TRUMAN CROSS, Cashier. a6-eotMy1

NOTICE OF ELECTION. An adjourned meeting of the Stockholders of the LAKE CHROME & MINERAL COMPANY will be held at the Company's office, No. 57 South Gay st., on SATURDAY, the 22d day of April, at 1 o'clock, P. M., when an Election for FIVE DIRECTORS will take place, between the hours of one and three o'clock, P. M. The Transfer Books will be closed on the 17th of April until after the election. By order, CHARLES S. HARRISON, Secretary. a12-tA22

NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the ATLANTIC AND GEORGE'S CREEK COAL COMPANY for the Election of Officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 42 Second street, on THURSDAY, the 20th April, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock. The Transfer Books will be closed from the till the 21st inst. JOHN M. McELROY, Secretary. a10-10t

BANK OF BALTIMORE, MARCH 14th, 1865.—In accordance with an order passed by the President and Directors, a General Meeting of the Stockholders will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 3d of May next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Banking House, to determine whether or not it is advisable for this Bank to become a *NATIONAL BANK.* P. GIBSON, Cashier. mh15-tMay3

MERCHANTS' BANK. BALTIMORE, March 7th, 1865. By a resolution of the President and Directors passed this morning, a call for a Meeting of Stockholders is made for WEDNESDAY, the 19th of April next, at 12 o'clock, to be held in their Banking House, to determine the propriety of changing the present into a National Bank. D. SPRIGG, Cashier. m7-tAp19

OFFICE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL COMPANY, WASHINGTON, April 15th, 1865. PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until MONDAY, the 8th of May next, for the completion of DAM No. 5, on the Potomac River, 106 miles above Georgetown, extending from the Maryland shore to connect with the masonry Dam already built about one-third the width of the river from the Virginia Shore—said Dam to be constructed of CEMENTED MASONRY, in the most durable and substantial manner.

The Board reserve the privilege of accepting or rejecting such proposals as they may deem expedient. Payments will be made on monthly estimates, reserving twenty per cent. from the estimates till the completion of the work, which will be required to be finished within the present year.

Specifications can be obtained from the President of the Company, or at the Office of the Company. ALFRED SPATES, President Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Co.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF BALTIMORE CITY, IN EQUITY—*HILBERG vs. SCHAUER.*—The receiver in this case having made a report of the funds in his hands, it is, this 18th day of March, A. D. 1865, ordered that the said receiver, by inserting a copy of this order in two of the daily newspapers of the city of Baltimore twice a week for three weeks before the twenty-first day of April next, and a like space of time in some daily paper of the city of New York, give notice to the creditors of Hilberg & Schauer to file their claims with the Clerk of this Court, and the voucher therefor, on or before the 20th day of May next, for distribution. R. N. MARTIN. True copy. Test. ALFORD MACE, Clerk. m23-2aw3w*

STATE OF MARYLAND, *TREASURY OFFICE,* ANNAPOLIS, April 1st, 1865.

NOTICE FOR PROPOSALS FOR "MARYLAND DEFENCE OR BOUNTY LOAN."

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that SEALED PROPOSALS for TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS will be received at the office until the FIRST OF MAY, 1865, which proposals may be made for the whole, or any part thereof, of the above amount; and, when accepted, the amount awarded to any bidder must be paid to this office on or before the tenth day of May next, from which day interest will be paid on said Loan, and certificates of stock issued accordingly. The whole amount of loan authorized by the General Assembly of Maryland at its present session is four millions of dollars; and it is supposed that it will only require the one-half of said amount to carry into effect the provisions of the act above referred to. The stock or bonds to be issued for said Loan will be redeemable at the pleasure of the State, in not less than ten nor more than fifteen years from the date of issue; and until redeemed will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable on the first days of January and July in every year; a special tax being provided by the act authorizing the Loan to meet the interest and create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof.

It is proper that those desirous of bidding for this Loan should be advised that *our present State debt is comparatively nothing.* The nominal debt is placed at ten millions of dollars; whilst the productive stocks held by the State fully equal this amount.

Communications containing proposals for said Loan should be addressed to the undersigned, Treasurer of Maryland, at Annapolis, endorsed, "Proposals for Defense Loan," which proposals will be opened by him in the presence of the Governor and Comptroller on the first day of May next, when said Loan will be awarded to the highest bidders; and on payment being made therefor certificates of stock, payable and bearing interest as aforesaid, will be issued; the right being reserved to said Governor, Comptroller and Treasurer, or a majority of them, to reject any or all bids for satisfactory cause. Any further information desired can be had on application to the undersigned. R. FOWLER, Treasurer of Maryland. a7-tM1

GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION. 250,000 WATCHES, CHAINS, DIAMOND RINGS, &c. Worth over One Million Dollars! All to be sold for One Dollar Each, without regard to value: not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive:

SPLENDID LIST OF ARTICLES, ALL TO BE SOLD FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

250 Gents' Gold Hunting Case Watches	$50	to $150
250 Ladies' Gold and Enameled Case Watches	35	to 70
500 Gents' Hunting Case Silver Watches	35	to 70
200 Diamond Rings	50	to 100
3,000 Gold Vest and Neck Chains	15	to 30
3,000 Gold Oval Band Bracelets	4	to 8
5,000 Chased Gold Bracelets	5	to 10
2,000 Chatelain Chains and Guard Chains	5	to 20
7,000 Solitaire and Gold Brooches	4	to 10
3,000 Lava and Florentine Brooches	4	to 6
5,000 Coral, Opal and Emerald Brooches	4	to 8
5,000 Mosaic, Jet, Lava and Florentine Ear Drops	4	to 8
7,500 Coral, Opal and Emerald Ear Drops	4	to 6
3,000 Gold Fob and Vest Watch Keys	2 50	to 8
1,000 California Diamond Breastpins	2 50	to 10
1,000 Fob and Vest Ribbon Slides	3	to 10
5,000 Sets of Solitaire Sleeve Buttons, Studs, etc.	3	to 8
10,000 Miniature Lockets	2 50	to 8
4,000 Miniature Lockets, Magic Spring	3	to 20
3,000 Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c.	2	to 8
3,000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.	4	to 7
5,000 Plain Gold Rings	4	to 10
5,000 Chased Gold Rings	4	to 10
10,000 Stone Set and Signet Rings	2 50	to 10
10,000 California Diamond Rings	2	to 10
7,500 Sets Ladies' Jewelry—Jet and Gold	5	to 15
6,000 Sets Ladies' Jewelry—Cameo, Pearl	4	to 15
10,000 Gold Pens, Silver Extension Holders and Pencils	4	to 6
10,000 Gold Pens and Gold Mounted Holders	5	to 8
5,000 Gold Pens and Gold Extension Holders and Pencils	6	to 10
5,000 Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups	5	to 50
3,000 Silver Casters	15	to 50
2,000 Silver Fruit and Cake Baskets	20	to 50

Messrs. T. & H. CAUGHAN & CO. 116 Broadway, N. Y., extensive manufacturers and importers of all the leading and most fashionable styles of *Watches and Jewelry*, desiring to increase their business to an unlimited extent, have resolved upon a *Great Gift Distribution*, subject to the regulations following:

Certificates, naming each article and its value, are placed in *sealed envelopes*, and well mixed. One of these envelopes will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 25 cents.

All Articles Sold at One Dollar Each without regard to value.

On receipt of the Certificate you will see what you are going to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for *One Dollar*, and in no case can they get less than one dollar's worth, as there are no blanks. The price of Certificates are as follows:

One for 25 cents; five for $1; eleven for $2; thirty for $5; sixty five for $10; one hundred for $15.

Agents will be allowed 10 cents on every Certificate ordered by them, provided their remittance amounts to one dollar. Agents will collect 25 cents for every Certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps. T. & H. CAUGHAN & CO., 116 Broadway, New York. m13-1m*

MRS. VANDEVORD, NO. 61½ NORTH EUTAW ST., near Saratoga, invites the attention of the ladies to her large and handsome assortment of CORSETS, which she will sell cheap. m1-1m*

THE SUN.

BALTIMORE, TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1865.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, April 17.

Continued Indications of Grief—Suspension of Business—Preparations for Mr. Lincoln's Funeral—Crowds Seeking Passes—Arrival of Wounded and Prisoners—Gen. Butler as Commander at Washington—Threatening State of Affairs Yesterday—The Messrs. Seward—Drinking Houses Closed—Arrests in Prince George's County.

There are no indications of abatement of real sadness and grief throughout the city. Many of the business community still keep closed, and design remaining so, until after the funeral obsequies. A very large number do business with windows closed. The suspension of all kinds of business will be universal on Wednesday, the day of interment.

The body of the distinguished deceased will lay in state at his residence to-morrow, clad in the black suit which he wore when recently inaugurated. The chandeliers and mirrors of the east room have been tastefully draped in mourning; a catafalque has been prepared, and all arrangements necessary to facilitate the sorrowing thousands to take a last look upon all that is earthly of Abraham Lincoln, are being consummated.

The manager of the Grover Theatre announces its indefinite closing because of the national affliction.

The faculty and students of the Gonzaga (Catholic) College have resolved to attend the funeral in a body; the fair which was to have been held at the College, has been also deferred for the present.

The German population, both individually and by associations, will form a large escort to the procession.

Members and Senators are arriving here in considerable numbers to pay the last sad tribute of respect.

State associations, societies of every character, civil organizations, the colored population, Congressmen present, the civil employees of the government, the military cortege, and the thousands of visitors will form, perhaps, the most extensive and impressive funeral procession ever witnessed in this country.

Whilst the executive departments are open for the transaction of the necessary routine of business, a guard is placed at each to prevent the entrance of any but those necessarily required because of their official connection.

A large crowd is to-day thronging the pass office, adjoining General Augur's headquarters on Fourteenth street, endeavoring to procure passes to reach their several homes around the District.

The transport Connecticut, with over 400 wounded, and the Prince Albert with 300, and also 600 rebel prisoners, reached here yesterday afternoon.

It is stated that the purpose of ordering General Butler here, is to have him assume the command of the department of Washington.

Though the city yesterday presented generally a quiet, doleful and gloomy aspect, there were nevertheless in some localities evidence of an iracible feeling which but for a strong military precaution would have culminated in open violence. The arrival of a batch of rebel prisoners, including General Paine, served to fan the flame; it only required a gratuitous remark that he was at one time Moseby, and at another, the assassin of our lamented Chief Magistrate, to work the crowd up to the highest pitch of frenzy. For a time the danger was imminent that he would receive terrible punishment at the hands of the populace. Ex-Senator Hale and General Skinner both addressed the crowd, which, however, did not appease their wrath, and as a precautionary measure, the authorities passed the prisoners out of the back door of the office of the Provost Marshall, and under a strong guard got them to prison.

No boats other than the mail boats pass the guard vessels off Alexandria, putting a stop to river business.

The latest information from Mr. Fred. Seward is that he is in a comatose condition; his death may be looked for at any moment. His father is about in the same condition as yesterday.

The operations in the printing and binding department of the government have been suspended until after the funeral.

All the courts have adjourned until after Wednesday.

The councils, after meeting this evening, adjourned without transacting any business.

The news of the meeting between Generals Sherman and Johnson, at which terms of surrender of the same import as those between Gens. Lee and Grant, and the report of the capture of Mobile, excite no manifestations of rejoicing, for obvious reasons.

The monitor Mahopac, at the navy-yard, has been hauled from the wharf, and anchored in the stream, giving rise to the suspicion that prominent malefactors were imprisoned on board.

By order of the Mayor all drinking saloons are to be kept closed until after the funeral.

Richard Wallach, of this city, a nephew to both Mayor Wallach and the editor of the Star, reached here to-day, a paroled Confederate officer.

Grafton Suit, W. F. Berry, and a man named Garboe, citizens of Prince Georges' county, were brought here this morning and placed in prison by the military authority. At the Old Capitol a crowd collected about them, and a report that they were Booth and Surratt being circulated, cries were raised against them, and stones thrown, by which some of the guard were struck. The prisoners were also bruised. Finally the guard turned their muskets upon the crowd and dispersed them, and the prisoners were safely lodged in the Old Capitol.

The guard has been removed from the residence of Chief Justice Chase. POTOMAC.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

ANNAPOLIS, April 17, 1865.

Affairs at Annapolis, Md.

On receiving the sad intelligence of the death of the late President Lincoln, the American emblem was immediately displayed at half-mast from the capitol, the headquarters of Col. Sewell, commanding this military department, the general hospitals in this city, at Camp Parole, and from other places. The State House, all the churches, the postoffice, express office, telegraph office, city hall, and many private residences are draped in mourning. Our city is wrapped in gloom. Upon every countenance, without regard to political proclivities, is depicted sadness and sympathy. The whole community regard the loss of Mr. Lincoln as a national calamity.

The government transport State of Maine arrived here on Saturday last, and landed at the Naval Academy wharf, from the front, via City Point, Va., some 294 enlisted men and 64 officers, paroled Union prisoners.—These men are all wounded, and were admitted into General Hospital No. 1, Surgeon B. A. Vanderkeif in charge, for medical and surgical treatment.

At a recent meeting of the Board of Commissioners for this (Anne Arundel) county, the subjoined named were appointed district collectors of tax:—First district, Jas. Sanford; second, James Ridout; city of Annapolis, Wm. Glover. The rate of tax is as follows:—County tax 65 cents, primary school 20 cents, State tax 30 cents, on the $100. Ralph Basil is appointed messenger to the board, vice Wm. Earle, deceased.

The Circuit Court for this county commenced its spring session this morning, Hon. Judge Wm. H. Tuck on the bench, James Revell, Esq., prosecuting. After calling the appearance docket, court adjourned till to-morrow morning. M.

[Reported for the Baltimore Sun.]

Proceedings of the City Council.

FIRST BRANCH.—*Monday*, April 17.—Present, Jas. Young, Esq., president, and all the members.—Mr. Larrabee offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee to receive with proper honors the body of Abraham Lincoln, in its transit through this city. Mr. Wayson said the committee appointed on the 15th instant had the matter in charge. The resolution was then withdrawn. Mr. Wayson presented a resolution asking the Mayor to issue a proclamation requesting the citizens of Baltimore to close their places of business on the day of the funeral of the late President, and that the bells of the city be tolled from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., which was adopted. The amendments of the second branch to the ordinance prescribing the duties of the Collector, and fixing the salaries of his officers, were concurred in. The ordinance from the second branch to provide for the sale of 5,000 shares of extra dividend stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company was passed. A message was received from the second branch proposing to adjourn until to-morrow at ten o'clock; non-concurred in. Mr. Cox, from the committee of ways and means, reported an ordinance providing for a settlement with the Northern Central Railway Company. A resolution was received from the second branch offering a reward of $10,000 for the arrest of the murderer of President Lincoln; which was adopted—ayes 15, nays 5. A communication was received from the City Register stating that the number of lunatic paupers supported by the city are 94, 69 of which are in Mount Hope Hospital, and 25 in the Maryland Hospital, the cost of maintaining whom the current year will be $21,500. The expense of supporting lunatic paupers last year was $14,191 79. Mr. Hatch reported a resolution authorizing A. B. Ray to extend his awning, &c. The branch adjourned.

SECOND BRANCH.—Branch met; present Daniel Harvey, Esq., president, and a quorum of members. On motion of Mr. Irelan, a message was sent to the first branch asking a return of the ordinance for the appointment of a collector, &c. Mr. Moore moved that a message be sent to the first branch, proposing that when the Council adjourns this evening, it adjourns to to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, in order to receive a report of the committee in relation to the funeral of the late President Lincoln; adopted, and the message was sent. The message was returned from the first branch non-concurred in. A resolution was received from the first branch requesting the Mayor to issue a proclamation calling upon the citizens to close their places of business on the day of the funeral of the President, and directing the bells to be tolled from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; read and adopted. A resolution deprecating the performances of the rebel band of music at the Holliday St. Theatre was received from the first branch, read and adopted. A resolution to print five hundred copies of the proceedings of the Council, with the addresses on the occasion, in relation to the death of President Lincoln, printed in pamphlet form, was received from the first branch, read and adopted. Mr. Valiant offered a resolution offering a reward of ten thousand dollars for the arrest and conviction of the assassin or assassins of President Lincoln, which was read and adopted. Adjourned.

[Reported for the Baltimore Sun.]

Proceedings of the Courts.

United States Circuit Court.—Present Judge Giles, (Chief Justice Chase absent.)—This Court met yesterday according to adjournment. Upon the opening of the Court, the United States District Attorney, Wm. Price, Esq., addressed the Court as follows:

The tragic end of President Lincoln, so sudden and startling, furnishes at this conjuncture matter for profound reflection. He passed away at the moment that his work was finished, and his record made up for history. The man and the part he acted are now with eternity—as much so as the events beyond the flood. We could not rub out nor modify a syllable of that record if we would, and for one, I would not if I could. There are few of those who have met the late President, even in casual interviews on business, who can easily forget him. I realize at this moment the man, his countenance, his presence, and all his personal traits and peculiarities, as vividly as if he was personally before me. I have seen him very often upon official and other business, and can truly say that I was never with him five moments together that he did not utter something memorable, something worthy of being stored in the mind for future reflection. His conversation was exceedingly attractive.—His wit, his drollery, his flow of anecdote, the kindness of his nature, and his sympathy with human suffering of every degree, gave a charm to his conversation and presence, which I have seldom seen equalled and never surpassed. I have supposed that these more familiar emanations of his mind were more like those of Franklin, both in their wisdom and in their attraction, than those of any other of the remarkable men of our country. These personal traits and peculiarities, together with his sublime constancy to his great mission—that of the restoration of the Union—won for him not merely the respect and confidence, but the warm and glowing admiration of his countrymen. But he has gone from among us. There is, however, something in the conjuncture of his death which especially commends itself to our attention. We are not permitted to doubt that God willed it, because it has come to pass.—He has been taken away, but not until he had broken the power and humbled the pride of the most formidable rebellion that ever occurred in the annals of our race. Just at the deciding point between the overthrow of the rebel hosts and the return of the rebel States to the Union, he is mysteriously called away, and the task of restoration and reconstruction, as it is sometimes termed, is committed to other hands. He lived just long enough to break the power of the rebels in arms, but not long enough to make a single mistake in the new field of duty then immediately spread out before him, of bringing back the great States of the South into the bosom of the Union, from which they had attempted to depart. What shall we say of him, standing as he did, at the moment of his death, at this great point of decision? One thing we may say, that his death, happening just when it did, gave the last finish to one of the most consistent and most perfect characters on record.

I move you, sir, that out of respect to his memory, this court do now adjourn.

His Honor, Associate Judge Giles, in responding, observed:

The sad news of the assassination of President Lincoln, which reached us on Saturday morning, filled me with profound sorrow.—The death by brutal violence of the chosen Executive of this great nation at any time, would be a crime so startling, so revolting to every proper feeling of the human heart, and of such baseness as would gibbet its perpetrater in eternal infamy, and call down upon the foul act the condemnation of the civilized world. Each true-hearted man, no matter what his political creed, would ever feel that the safety of the President of these United States was committed to his personal honor, and that the whole nation was his body guard. But this blow strikes the nation to its heart when that heart was full of promise and hope for the future. The day of peace, and union, and reconciliation was, we fondly believed, about to dawn over our distracted country, its first rising beams were hailed with tears of joy by expectant millions. At such a time as this, this blow falls upon us like a clap of thunder from a cloudless sky. Let us pray to the God of Heaven, back to the darkness from which our nation emerged. That it may not banish the angel of peace or retard her on her heaven-born mission. Let us fervently pray that upon him on whom now rests the mantle of power under the Constitution, there may descend a double portion of that grace and wisdom which alone can qualify him at a time like this for the arduous and difficult duties of his high office. And let every one, whatever may be his station in life, yield a cheerful and firm support to the constituted authorities in their efforts to maintain the public peace and order. And let all pray, that the night of our suffering and sorrow is ended with this great affliction, and that baptized by suffering, we shall soon enter upon the promised land of a reunited and once more happy country.

The court was then adjourned until eleven o'clock on Thursday morning.

The court room, as well as the exterior of the building, was draped in mourning with much taste by Mr. James H. Downs, deputy marshal.

All the courts of the city have adjourned until Thursday next. In the Criminal Court the grand and petit juries were discharged until Monday next.

Circuit Court.—Judge Alexander.—Horace Abbott and Thomas Kensett, trustees, vs. Kitty Ann Wheeler et. al.; decree for the sale of property in the cause.

Leonard Ritz, John Zinch, John W. Margnett, and Conrad Miller vs. Wm. Hardley, August Reider and Second National Bank.—Injunction issued prohibiting defendants from drawing money from the Bank deposited by a draft association, etc.

Charles F. Miller and wife vs. Ann and Steptoe Thompson, administrators, etc.; decree for the sale of property.

CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY.—*Towsontown*, April 17th, 1865.—Before Hon. D. C. H. Emory, Judge.—Jno. T. Ensor, Esq., State's attorney.

This morning, at the opening of the court, Jno. T. Ensor, Esq., State's Attorney, arose and announced the death of the lamented Chief Magistrate of the nation, Abraham Lincoln, in a very feeling and touching address, and as a tribute due to him memory moved the adjournment of the court until this day week, stating that on account of the heart-rending occurrence, they were not in a proper state of mind to transact the business of the court.

Mr. Ensor's motion was seconded by O. C. Warfield, Esq., in an appropriate and feeling manner, concurring fully in what had been said by Mr. Ensor. Mr. Warfield was followed by Messrs. Richard Grason, Wm. S. Keech and R. R. Boarman, all of whom feelingly eulogized the character of the lamented President, concurring fully in all that had been said by those preceding them. Judge Emory responded with deep emotion, concurring in all that had been said by the members of the bar, and paid a high tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased Chief Magistrate, and as a mark of respect to the memory of one so much esteemed and respected, would adjourn the court until Monday, April 24th, at 10 o'clock. K.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Association for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor.—Last evening the regular monthly meeting of the Association was held at their room, Fayette street, near Holliday. Jesse Hunt, the president, with his accustomed promptitude, was in the chair, and Mr. Brashears, secretary. This is the last stated or regular meeting until the month of July, and necessarily there was considerable business to attend to.

The secretary presented the annexed schedule of the work of the agents for the month of March:—First district—Families relieved, 343; number in families, 1,000; number of visits, 337; amount expended, $970 44; wood, 60¾ cords; coal, 19¾ tons; sent to public schools, 1 boy and 3 girls; found employment, 1 man and 2 girls. Second district—Families relieved, 362; number in families, 1,317; number of visits, 480; amount expended, $1,000; wood, 48 cords; coal, 25 tons; sent to public schools, 1 boy and 1 girl; found employment, 3 men, 2 boys and 1 girl. Third district—Families relieved, 325; number in families, 1,015; number of visits, 332; amount expended, $1,000; wood, 60¾ cords; coal, 27¾ tons; found employment, 2 women, 1 boy and 1 girl; sent to public schools, 2 boys and 2 girls; Sabbath school, 1 boy and 1 girl. Fourth district—Families relieved, 347; number of visits, 349; amount expended, $1,000; wood, 51 cords; coal, 36½ tons; sent to public schools, 1 boy and 1 girl; Sabbath school, 2 girls; found employment, 1 man, 1 woman and 1 boy. Total families relieved, 1,377; number of visits, 1,498; amount expended, $3,970 44; wood, 210¾ cords; coal, 108¾ tons. Of families relieved 766 were American, 389 foreigners, 222 colored. Religious persuasions—Baptist, 26; Episcopal, 49; Presbyterian, 30; Catholic, 298; Methodist, 157; Lutheran, 60; no church, 757.

Mr. Randolph, the treasurer, made his monthly report, as follows: Balance in hand, March 20, $5,589 37. Ward collections, rent of office, donations, including the proceeds of the Lenschow orchestra concert ($838 75)—making $11,151 10. Expenses, including salaries, appropriations, &c., $4,246 04. Leaving a balance on hand, on April 17, of $6,805 06. The finance committee reported an examination of the agents' reports, &c., and found all right.

The committee on fuel reported progress, suggesting that the subject should be left open for the time being, and that some discretion be given to the committee. They indicate the taking of two yards for the storage of wood and coal, if it shall appear best to purchase from first hands. The report gave rise to considerable debate, and was accepted. A resolution to give the committee the discretion necessary was adopted.

Mr. Hunt, from the committee in relation to the proposition of the Miners' Benevolent Association of Allegany county, to furnish a certain amount of coal for the benefit of the Association, made a partial report of having received from the George's Creek Company 100 tons; from Consolidation Company, of New York, 100 tons; from Hampshire and Baltimore Company, 60 tons; from Midland, 50 tons; from Blaen Avon, 80 tons—total 380 tons. It is expected that 100 tons will be received from the Swanton mines, and 100 tons from the Atlantic mines. Mr. S. M. Hamilton, voluntary agent for the receipt and sale of the coal, has acted for the Association, and a return of $2,338 net has been received, which will be increased by the return of $500 on the freight bills by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company—making a total of $2,838.—There is still on hand just received, and not included in the above, about 35 tons from the Blaen Avon Company. The report concluded with resolutions of thanks to the various parties indicated, which were adopted.

After some further routine business, the Association adjourned.

Baltimore City and the Northern Central Railway Company.—In the first branch of the city council last evening, Mr. Cox, chairman of committee of ways and means, reported an ordinance to "compromise the differences" between Baltimore city and the Northern Central Railway Company. The ordinance approves and ratifies an agreement made by the mayor with the Northern Central Railway Company, which provides that said company shall pay the city of Baltimore on the 1st of April, 1865, $22,000 in cash, and thirty coupon bonds for $1,000 each, with interest from January 1st, 1865, the principal to be paid in twenty years, &c. The said payments to be in release of all claims, mortgages and demands of every nature, "except such liabilities as may remain by virtue hereof," &c., and except also the half a million of dollars of debt due the city by the Cumberland Valley Railroad Company. The title of Baltimore city to four thousand shares of stock of the company is also ratified and confirmed. The agreement also lays down the route and provides for the completion of the Canton extension of the road before January 1st, 1868, under a penalty of $1,000 for every month of delay thereafter, for two years, and $3,000 monthly thereafter, until said extension is completed. The ordinance also provides that the chief offices and principal workshops of the company shall be perpetually continued in Baltimore city.

Arrival at Washington of Wounded Maryland Officers.—The hospital steamer Connecticut arrived at Washington on Sunday night, with over four hundred of the wounded in the recent engagements near Richmond, among whom were the following officers of Maryland regiments:—Lieut. J. E. Walker, First Maryland; Lieut. J. N. Stiffler, First Maryland; Lieut. J. Armicoast, First Maryland; Lieut. Col. D. T. Bennet, Seventh Maryland; Lieut. A. F. Rittenhouse, Sixth Maryland; Lieut. Thomas Duff, Sixth Maryland; Lieut. Hugh Watson, First Maryland; Col. R. N. Bowman, Fourth Maryland; Captain Isaiah Tilghman, Seventh Maryland; Adj't. S. M. Smith, First Maryland; Capt. F. Simon, Eighth Maryland; C. M. Suter, Seventh Maryland; Lieut. Thomas W. Hain, Seventh Maryland.

Health of the City.—The commissioner of health, Dr. Knight, reports 89 deaths in the city during the past week—48 males and 41 females, of which number 21 were colored persons. Of the diseases 18 were by consumption, croup 5, dropsy 4, apoplexy 2, cancer 2, casualty 2, colic 3, dysentery 2, catarrhal fever 2, scarlet fever 2, typhoid fever 2, inflammation of the brain 4, inflammation of the liver 2, old age 4, palsy 3, organic disease of the heart 3, infantile unknown 11, hooping cough 2, and one each by child-bed, convulsions, dropsy in the head, dyptheria, erysipelas, intermittent fever, spotted fever, starvation, inflammation of the kidneys, inflamation of the lungs, mania, pleurisy, scrofula, small-pox and one adult unknown. Of the entire number 34 were children under 10 years of age, and one had reached the advanced age of 96.

The City Yesterday.—The city presented the same appearance of mourning yesterday that it did on the two days immediately preceding. The weather was delightful, and being what is commonly known as Easter Monday, the streets were thronged with pedestrians. The customary balls and picnics were dispensed with, and every one appeared indisposed to indulge in pleasures of any description. The news of the capture of Mobile and the reported surrender of the rebel army under General Johnston, had but little effect upon the populace, the all-absorbing topic of conversation still being the recent bloody work in Washington city.

Large Sales.—[illegible] & Co., real estate agents, sold, several days since, the large first-class dwelling on North Charles street, belonging to B. M. Hodges, Jr., Esq. The lot is 35 by 185 feet, and the house 30 feet front, with carriage accommodations and stable attached; purchased by Mr. George G. Presbury, Jr., for $43,000. The same firm have also sold the country seat of Mr. Presbury, situated on Charles street avenue, containing 39 acres, with handsome stone improvements, for the sum of $42,000; purchased by W. S. G. Baker, Esq.

The Military Commission.—Col. Bowman, President, Major Lord, Judge Advocate, was in session yesterday, at its rooms, No. 39 Lexington street, and closed the case of Henry P. Johnson, of Baltimore, charged with acting as a government detective without authority. Two witnesses were examined for the defense, when the case was taken up and decided upon by the commission, a report of which will be sent to headquarters. The accused was remanded to prison. The commission adjourned until this morning.

Disloyal.—George Spink was arrested yesterday, charged with using disloyal language. He was locked up to await a further hearing before Col. Woolley. Mrs. Maria Bannister was arrested at Union Mills, Howard county, yesterday morning, by Provost Marshal J. C. Holland, of the 5th district. She was charged with saying that she was "glad that Lincoln had been killed." She was brought to Col. Woolley's office, and locked up to await trial.

Released.—R. K. Hollingshead, arrested on Saturday afternoon last, charged with attempting to pass the picket guard stationed upon the roads leading to the city without having a proper pass, was released yesterday by Col. Woolley. There are a number of similar cases yet to be disposed of by Colonel Woolley.

Baltimore Annual Conference of the A. M. E. Church.—The Conference met yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, Bishop Payne presiding.—The proceedings commenced by reading the 6th Psalm and prayers by Rev. D. W. Moore, after which the Conference proceeded to the regular business. At the conclusion Bishop Wayman gave Benediction, and the Conference adjourned till 9 o'clock this morning.

The Theatres and Bar-Rooms.—The military orders closing all bar-rooms, theatres, and other places of public amusement, are still in force, and it is stated by the military authorities, will not be revoked until the funeral obsequies of the late President Lincoln are over, which will be on Wednesday afternoon next.

Not Committed.—The statement that Emma Hartman, who was arrested last Friday, charged with the larceny of $20 from Elizabeth Shaffer, was committed to jail, was not correct. She was released on her father becoming her bail.

The African Methodist Episcopal Conference.—This body reassembled yesterday, Bishop Payne presiding. After appropriate religious services, conducted by Rev. D. W. Moore, the conference proceeded to the regular business and soon after adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

The Fire in the County.—The loss of Mr. Michael Hurley, by his dwelling on the Frederick turnpike being burned on Friday last, was about $8,000, and not $2,500, as heretofore stated. Mr. H. had no insurance whatever.

Sale of Dividend Stock, &c.—The ordinance to provide for the sale of 5,005 shares of the extra dividend stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, has passed both branches of the City Council.

Ten Thousand Dollars Reward.—Both branches of the City Council, last evening, passed a resolution offering a reward of $10,000 for the arrest of the murderer or murderers of President Lincoln.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Speculation in Gold was unusually heavy yesterday, and constituted nearly all the business that was transacted at the morning board of brokers. The sales amounted to about $180,000, and were all made at a rate between 149 and 150, the closing cash sale being comparatively a small one at 149¾, an advance of 2 per cent on the closing sale of Friday last. Government loans were rather quiet. A few sales of the United States 5-20 bonds were made at 107, a falling off of ¼ per cent. For Certificates of Indebtedness 99 bid. Nothing done in either State or City loans, and but very little inquiry was made for them. City 6's of 1890 were held at 100¾, ¾ per cent higher than the rate at which they of late have been selling; 98 was bid for 1886's. A lot of Farmers and Merchants' Bank stock changed hands at 40. Transactions in Railway bonds were confined to sales of Northern Central 1885 bonds at 91, an advance of 1 per cent. Marietta and Cincinnati B bonds closed at 83¾ bid, 2¾ per cent better than the preceding bid, 90 asked. There was no demand for Railway shares. Canton stock closed at 32¾ bid. Nothing of any consequence was done in the Mining fancies; a few sales were made at unchanged prices.

At the second board a fair business was done in Gold. It sold at 149a149¼, a decline of ¼ per cent on the closing sale at first board. City 6's 1890 brought 100, ¾ per cent less than the asking rate at the first board. Farmers and Merchants' Bank stock sold at the morning rate. Guilford Mining stock changed hands at 60 cents per share; and Santa Clara at $15¾ buyer 20 days.

The following were the bankers' quotations for Government securities and domestic exchange in this city yesterday: United States coupon 6's of 1881 118a118¾; United States 5-20s 106¾a107; United States 10-40s 92¾a93¾; 7-30 Treasury Notes (new) par and interest; One-year Certificates 98¾a99. American Gold 149a149, and do. Silver 30a35 per cent premium.